



AT-LARGE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

EN

AL/ALAC/ST/0211/2rev1

ORIGINAL: English

DATE: 7 March 2011

STATUS: FINAL

ALAC Statement

On the Draft Process for Recognition of New GNSO Constituencies

Introduction

By the Staff of ICANN

A [first version](#) of the attached Statement of the At-Large Advisory Committee (ALAC) on the Draft Process for Recognition of New GNSO Constituencies was drafted by Alan Greenberg, ALAC liaison to the Council of the Generic Names Supporting Organization (GNSO), and published for comments on 18 February 2011. Comments on the initial draft were received from Marc Rotenberg and Jean-Jacques Subrenat who are both members of the ALAC.

On 28 February 2011, Alan Greenberg published the first revision of the statement (the attached document), which incorporates comments received on the initial draft. On the same day, the Chair of the ALAC, Olivier Crépin-Leblond, asked the Staff to start a five-day online vote on the document.

The vote resulted in the ALAC endorsing the resolution with 12-0 votes and one abstention. You may review the result independently under:

<https://www.bigpulse.com/pollresults?code=1598Lkhc2ETjCP6kKhXF5V48>

On 7 March 2011, the enclosed statement was submitted to the [public consultation process on the Draft Process for Recognition of New GNSO Constituencies](#) with a copy going to the Secretary of the ICANN Board of Directors.

[End of Introduction]

The original version of this document is the English text available at www.atlarge.icann.org/correspondence. Where a difference of interpretation exists or is perceived to exist between a non-English edition of this document and the original text, the original shall prevail

ALAC Comment on the Draft Process for Recognition of New GNSO Constituencies

The ALAC fully supports the intent of the draft process, specifically to give the Stakeholder Group the prime responsibility for reviewing and approving new Constituencies, while preserving the Board's right to act counter to the Stakeholder Group advice if it feels that this serves ICANN's greater needs.

However, the ALAC is concerned that the process proposed is overly cumbersome, inefficient, and will discourage participation. The first and third criteria for the new process (in part) specified:

1. Optimize the considerable time and effort required to form, organize, and propose a new GNSO Constituency by prescribing a streamlined sequence of steps. . . .
3. Manage the entire process to a flexible, but specific and limited timeframe

It is unclear how the process can be streamlined without removing its important checks and balances, but it is clear that as described, the process will take far longer than is necessary or is acceptable.

As proposed, in a best-case scenario, it will take at least 9-10 months from initial application to final recognition. This presumes that the Stakeholder Group acts expeditiously and that the Board considers the application at its first regularly scheduled meeting. If the Board addresses the issue at a subsequent meeting (as allowed in the process) for both the Applicant and Candidate Phase, the recognition time will be almost 1.5 years. Should reconsideration be required, the worst case scenario grows to over 2.5 years.

Few potential Constituencies are likely to have the fortitude to withstand such delay. Moreover, the investment in participating in several years of ICANN meetings would be considerable.

A significant part of this elongated procedure is attributed to the long gap between the specified "regularly scheduled Board meetings", which according to current schedules are held only during ICANN meetings. If ICANN were to have only 2 meetings per year as has been suggested at times, the approval process would be elongated even more.

The ALAC recommends that the Board treat this as requiring more urgent attention and that the procedure specify that the Board will review Constituency recognition issues within two meetings, whether Regular or Special. Moreover, as is the case with a number of other Board consideration issues, the norm should be to address Constituency recognition issues at its next meeting. The process already includes provisions if a decision within two meetings is not possible.

Lastly, at present only the Commercial and Non-Commercial Stakeholder Groups recognize the concept of Constituency. Both the Registry and Registrar Stakeholder Groups do not have such a concept. Presumably therefore, this draft process only applies to groups wishing to form Constituencies within the Commercial and Non-Commercial Stakeholder Groups and not within the contracted party Stakeholder Groups. The document should state this explicitly and unambiguously to ensure that expectations of potential applicants are set appropriately.